



Supplemental Fig. S2. Risk of all-cause-specific mortality in elderly people according to across the glucose spectrum depending on their underlying diseases in sex subgroups. (A) All-cause mortality. (B) Circulatory system. (C) Respiratory system. (D) Neoplasms. (E) Genitourinary system. (F) Others. CI, confidence interval; DM, diabetes mellitus; HR, hazard ratio; IFG, impaired fasting glucose; NGT, normal glucose tolerance.