

Sup	plemental Table S	S2.	Clinical Characteri	stics of	Patients A	According to t	the Response	for t	he 2nd	l RAI	Therapy	r

Characteristic	Total $(n=230)$	Remission ($n=152$)	Persistent $(n=78)$	P value
Age at second RAI therapy, yr	41±13	41±12	42±15	0.420
Female sex	131 (57)	88 (58)	43 (55)	0.779
Time from diagnosis to 2nd RAI therapy, yr	6±5	6±5	6±5	0.466
Time interval between 1st and 2nd RAI therapies, mo	10 ± 11	12 ± 12	8±7	0.002
Goiter size, g $(n=217)^a$				
<60	79 (36)	56 (38)	23 (33)	0.001
60–90	67 (34)	58 (40)	15 (21)	
≥90	63 (30)	33 (22)	32 (46)	
ATD discontinuation for ≥ 2 months ^b	70 (30)	54 (36)	16 (21)	0.023
Mean dosage of ATD^b , mg	13 ± 7	12±7	14 ± 7	0.023
Pre-RAI TSH, μ IU/mL (n =222) ^a	1.07 ± 6.85	1.58 ± 8.43	0.10 ± 0.25	0.036
Pre-RAI free T4, ng/dL $(n=222)^a$	2.47 ± 1.64	2.25 ± 1.25	2.89 ± 2.14	0.016
Pre-RAI TSHR antibody, % (n=184) ^a	71 ± 42	66±23	78 ± 61	0.059
48-hr RAIU, %	52±19	51±20	52±18	0.643

Values are expressed as mean \pm standard deviation or number (%). P values were calculated from Student t test or chi-square test between the remission and the persistent group.

RAI, radioactive iodine; ATD, antithyroid drug; TSH, thyrotropin; T4, thyroxine; TSHR, TSH receptor; RAIU, radioactive iodine uptake.

^aThe analysis was performed only in patients with the available data; ^bDuring 6 months after first RAI therapy.